



Medical Directives for Physician Assistant – Surgical Program Orthopedic Division

Medical Advisory Committee Approved: 22OCT2019

Harmonized

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Authorizing Prescriber(s)

Privileged Orthopedic Surgeons practicing at Lakeridge Health Ajax Pickering (LHAP)

Authorized to Whom

Orthopedic Physician Assistants (PA) who:

- Are certified Physician Assistants through the Canadian Association of Physician Assistants or National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants
- Are currently employed within the surgical program at LHAP
- Have successfully completed the Bloody Easy for physicians module on an annual basis, verified pass and completion by manager.

Co-implementers:

- Nurses employed at LHAP may co-implement this Medical Directive within the tables below.
- Medical Radiation Technologists (MRT) (R) employed at LHAP may co-implement this Medical Directive for Diagnostic Tests/Interventions outlined in Table 2: Diagnostic Tests/Interventions .
- Pharmacists at LHAP may co-implement this Medical Directive for Medications outlined in [Table 1: Medications](#).
- Laboratory Technologists/Assistants at LHAP may co-implement this Medical Directive for Diagnostic Tests/Interventions outlined in [Table 2: Diagnostic Tests/Interventions](#).
- Respiratory Therapist (RT) employed at LHAP may co-implement this Medical Directive for Diagnostic Tests/Interventions outlined in [Table 2: Diagnostic Tests/Interventions](#), specifically the administration of oxygen.
- Registered Dietitians (RD) employed at LHAP may co-implement this Medical Directive for Diagnostic Tests/Interventions in [Table 2: Diagnostic Tests/Interventions](#).
- The Antimicrobial Stewardship Team at LHAP may co-implement this Medical Directive for the assessment of antibiotics listed in the Medications outlined in the [Table 1: Medications](#) below.

Patient Description/Population

Admitted Orthopedic patients 18 years of age or older receiving care at LHAP.

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Order and/or Procedure

- This medical directive includes delegation of the following controlled acts:
 - Performing a procedure on tissue below the dermis or below the surface of a mucous Membrane
 - Putting an instrument, hand or finger, beyond the anal verge
- The PA will obtain a comprehensive health history and perform a physical assessment to determine current medical status and to subsequently select specific investigations and/or treatment for patients outlined in this Medical Directive. See [Table 1: Medications](#), [Table 2: Diagnostic Tests/Interventions](#) and [Table 3: Consultations](#) attached.
- The PA will discuss with the Authorizing Prescriber the patient's physical assessment and the result of any diagnostic investigations obtained by the PA for further management.
- The PA will communicate the patient's plan of care to the patient and family members.
- Co-implementers: Nurses, Pharmacists, RTs, MRT (R)s, RD, and the Antimicrobial Stewardship Team will co-implement this medical directive as per indications outlined in the attached tables. Co-implementers are responsible for determining if the directive/procedure is appropriate from their clinical perspective.

Indications to the Implementation of the Directive

- See attached [Table 1: Medications](#), [Table 2: Diagnostic Tests/Interventions](#) and [Table 3: Consultations](#) for specific indications.

Contraindications to the Implementation of the Directive

- Patient is less than 18 years of age.
- Patient and/or substitute decision maker has not provided consent for assessment, treatment and/or disclosure.
- The PA does not have the necessary knowledge, skill and judgment to perform the delegated acts.
- Specific contraindications as listed in Tables 1, 2 and 3 below.

Consent

- The PA will disclose to the patient the nature of the proposed treatment, its gravity, any material risks and any special risks relating to the specific treatment in question.
- The PA will obtain informed consent from the patient or SDM before implementing this medical directive for diagnostic imaging, laboratory, and/or medications.
- The PA must have the knowledge and ability to explain how and why the test will be obtained.
- PA must answer any specific questions posed by the patient and/or SDM as to the risks involved in the proposed treatment or implementation of this medical directive.
- PA will disclose the consequences of leaving the ailment untreated.

- PA will disclose available alternative forms of treatment and their risks.
- The PA will obtain written consent from the patient or SDM for the transfusion of blood products as per hospital protocol if the indications are met in [Table 1: Medications](#).

Documentation Requirements

The Physician Assistant will provide:

- Documentation of an implemented directive will be recorded in the order section of the patient's health record and must include:
 - Name of the Medical Directive
 - Date
 - Name and signature of the implementer including credentials
- Documentation of the patient's history, present illness, physical assessment and plan of care within the health record.

Review/Evaluation Process

Every 2 years by the Surgical Program

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This table must **not** be used independently apart from the Medical Directive

Table 1: Medications

Order	Indication	Contraindication	Notes (Optional)
<p>Acetaminophen 325 – 975 mg PO or PR q6h for up to 4 days or 325 – 975 mg PO or PR q4h prn for pain or elevated temperature.</p> <p>To a maximum of 4 g/24 hours for patients 65 years of age and younger. To a maximum of 3 g/24 hours for patients over 65 years of age</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Temperature greater than 38.0°C (route of measurement must be considered) • Patient experiencing mild to moderate pain (e.g. scoring 7/10 or less on pain scale) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allergy or sensitivity to acetaminophen; • History of hepatitis or other liver disease; • Abdominal pain; • Intoxication 	
<p>dimenhyDRINATE 12.5-50 mg IV/IM/PO q6h prn To a maximum of 200 mg/24 hours.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nausea and vomiting • Gastroenteritis • Motion sickness / peripheral vertigo 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypersensitivity • Allergy 	<p>Reduce dose in patients with a history of seizures and renal dysfunction within the range specified</p>
<p>Metoclopramide 5-10 mg q6h IV/IM/PO prn To a maximum of 40 mg/24 hours.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nausea/vomiting • Used to treat nausea and vomiting associated with conditions such as, malignancy, migraine headaches, vertigo and emetogenic drugs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Known sensitivity or intolerance to the drug • Mechanical GI obstruction, perforation, or hemorrhage; pheochromocytoma 	<p>Reduce dose in patients with a history of seizures and renal dysfunction within specified range</p>



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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> History of seizure disorder (eg, epilepsy) pregnant or lactating patient patients with Parkinson’s disease 	
Ondansetron 4-8 mg PO/IV/IM q6h PRN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nausea/vomiting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hypersensitivity to drug. Congenital or acquired long QT syndrome Hepatic impairment Recent abdominal surgery 	Typically used as nausea prevention before chemo, X-Ray Therapy (XRT), or post-operative.
Aluminum hydroxide and magnesium hydroxide (Diovol Plus) 10-20 mL PO once daily PRN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heartburn and upset stomach Gastroesophageal reflux disease 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hypersensitivity to drug. Colostomy or ileostomy GI obstruction Intestinal perforation Renal failure/renal disease Pregnancy - caution 	
Acetylsalicylic Acid (ASA) 160 mg PO chewable or immediate release (IR) x one dose	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chest pain consistent with ischemic heart disease (e.g., dull chest pain/pressure, pressure-like sensation, heavy feeling in chest, squeezing and tightness in chest, poorly localized pain); and known Coronary Artery Disease Only if patient is not currently taking aspirin. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chest pain as a result of trauma or physical injury Known allergy to Aspirin or non-steroidal anti-inflammatories (NSAIDs). 	Obtain an Electrocardiogram (ECG) (see Table 2 below) and promptly notify the MRP.
Packed Red Blood Cells (PRBC’s) 1 unit IV over 1-3hrs, re-assess Hb post transfusion. Hold maintenance fluids during transfusion.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hb level below 80g/L in patients with cardiovascular disease or acute coronary syndrome Hb levels below 70g/L in patients without cardiac disease Symptomatic anemia with HR greater than 100bpm or Systolic BP less than 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patient or SDM refusing transfusion Hemoglobin levels above 80g/L in patients without cardiovascular disease Patients without any signs or symptoms of anemia 	Written consent from patients or SDM must be obtained prior to administration of blood products. Hold maintenance fluids during transfusion.



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	<p>80mmHg, fatigue, dizziness, chest pain, shortness of breath</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If SBP less than 80 mmHg consult MRP immediately 		<p>The rate should be slower if the patient has Transfusion-associated Circulatory Overload risk factors: cardiac dysfunction, renal dysfunction, > 60 years old, positive fluid balance. In addition, Lasix IV should be considered pre-tx.</p>
<p>Furosemide 20 mg IV x 1 dose before the unit of PRBC.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patients at risk of Transfusion Associated Circulatory Overload: • Cardiac dysfunction (MI, CHF, S3, S4) • Renal dysfunction • Age > 60 years • Positive Fluid balance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypersensitivity to Furosemide • Hypotensive with Systolic BP<80 • Severe hyponatremia • Severe hypokalemia 	
<p>Polyethylene Glycol (PEG) 17 g (1 sachet) PO once daily</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Post-operative constipation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypersensitivity to drug • Intestinal obstruction • Acute intestinal inflammation (eg, Crohn's disease) • Colitis ulcerosa • Appendicitis • Abdominal pain of unknown origin • Patients on fluid restriction 	
<p>Sennosides 17.2 mg PO once daily at bedtime</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Post-operative constipation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypersensitivity to drug • Intestinal obstruction • Acute intestinal inflammation (eg, Crohn disease), • Colitis ulcerosa • Appendicitis • Abdominal pain of unknown origin 	



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Glycerin Adult Suppository (2.65 g) PR daily prn	Post-operative constipation		
Lactulose 30 mL PO daily x 3 days or 30 mL PO prn	Post-operative constipation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypersensitivity to drug • Galactosemia • GI obstruction or FB • Recent GI surgery 	
Bisacodyl 5-15 mg PO prn; 10 mg PR daily prn	Post-operative constipation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypersensitivity to drug • Intestinal obstruction • Acute intestinal inflammation (eg, Crohn disease), • Colitis ulcerosa • Appendicitis • Abdominal pain of unknown origin 	
Magnesium Hydroxide 400 mg/5 mL 15-30 mL daily at bedtime	Post-operative constipation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypersensitivity to drug • Intestinal obstruction • Acute intestinal inflammation (eg, Crohn disease), • Colitis ulcerosa • Appendicitis • Abdominal pain of unknown origin 	
Sodium Phosphate (Fleet) enema 130 mL PR Once daily prn	Post-operative constipation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypersensitivity to drug • Ascites • Renal impairment (Creatinine clearance less than 30 mL/min), • Heart failure • Imperforate anus • Known or suspected GI obstruction • Megacolon (congenital or acquired, hypersensitivity 	Caution with irritable bowel disease



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<p>Tap water enema PR once daily prn for post-operative constipation</p>	<p>Post-operative constipation</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Undiagnosed nausea/vomiting • GI obstruction/perforation/ ileus • Toxic megacolon • Rectal bleeding • Appendicitis 	<p>Caution with Irritable bowel disease</p>
<p>Nitrofurantoin (Macrobid) 100 mg PO BID for 3-5 days</p> <p>Cotrimoxazole DS 1 tab PO BID for 3-5 days</p> <p>Amoxicillin 500 mg/Clavulanic Acid 125 mg (Clavulin) PO TID for 3-5 days</p> <p>Cephalexin 500 mg PO BID or QID for 3-5 days</p>	<p>Urinary tract infection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dysuria, frequency, or urgency • Positive routine and microscopic (R&M) laboratory analysis for leukocytes or nitrites. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypersensitivity to drug 	<p>Adjust Antibiotic selection as based on Culture and Sensitivity report (C&S)</p>
<p>Nicotine 7, 14, or 21 mg Transdermal Patch and/or 2, or 4 mg Gum.</p>	<p>This medication regime is to be administered to cigarette smokers who are admitted or receiving treatment within the Lakeridge Health Ajax Pickering Hospital that may experience and/or are experiencing and/or request administration of these medications for nicotine withdrawal and/or as a smoking cessation aid.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allergy and/or hypersensitivity to nicotine or the components of the preparations • Non-smokers or occasional smokers (less than 3 cigarettes daily) • Immediate post myocardial infarction period • Life-threatening arrhythmias • Severe or worsening angina-pectoris • Recent stroke • Pregnant or breastfeeding women • Generalized skin disorder 	<p>Includes Nicotine Gum and Nicotine Transdermal Patch</p>



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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active temporomandibular joint disease (applies to gum only) 	
<p>IV 0.9% Sodium Chloride Solution</p> <p>IV bolus of 10-20 mL/kg over 1 hour</p> <p>Maintenance infusion at 50-100 mL/hr</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NPO Patient, surgical patient, euvoletic, awaiting surgery • Establish or maintain a fluid or electrolyte balance • Vomiting • Nausea (unable to take fluids PO) • Diarrhea • Painful to swallow • Dry mucus membranes • Decreased skin turgor • Tachycardia or hypotension related to dehydration • Administer continuous or intermittent medication 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Severe hypertension • Pulmonary edema • Hold maintenance fluids during transfusions 	<p>IV bolus of 10-20 mL/kg of an isotonic crystalloid (eg, 0.9% sodium chloride) over 1 hour</p> <p>Maintenance fluids infusion 50-100 mL</p>



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Table 2: Diagnostic Tests/Interventions

Order	Indications	Contraindications	Notes (optional)
CBC, Na, K, Cl, TCO ₂ , urea, creatinine once daily for 3 days	Routine daily pre-operative and post-operative blood work. Chest pain, change in status, hemorrhage, seizure		
Blood glucose (fasting and random) / Point of Care blood glucose monitoring BID to QID	Monitoring of blood glucose in diabetics or other patients with unstable blood glucose; screening of borderline diabetics		PA to determine frequency of Point of Care blood glucose monitoring based on stability of diabetic patient's blood sugars and health status within specified range
Hemoglobin A1C once	Monitoring of blood glucose in diabetics or other patients with unstable blood glucose; screening of borderline diabetics		
Amylase, Albumin, ALT, Alk Phos, bilirubin direct and bilirubin total once	Gastrointestinal bleed, epigastric pain, jaundice		
Type and Screen once, APTT, PT/INR once daily for 3 days	Pre-operative, post-operative, chest pain, hemorrhage, CVA, GI bleed.		
Phosphate, Calcium, Magnesium once daily for 3 days	Poor nutrition, ECG abnormalities		
ESR, CRP once	Pre-operative Inflammatory arthropathy Septic Joint		



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Order	Indications	Contraindications	Notes (optional)
HCG once	Female, trauma		
Phenytoin, Carbamazepine, valproic acid, PHENobarbital level once	Current use. Seizure occurrence		
Blood culture X 2 sets once	Febrile, cellulitis or osteomyelitis suspected		
Bone Scan once	Osteomyelitis assessment		
Diet: NPO Clear fluids, full fluids, regular, diabetic, lactose free, fluid restricted diet, heart healthy	Pre-op preparation, severe nausea and vomiting Diet appropriate for patient's medical condition and tolerance	Able to tolerate oral/enteral diet Post op ileus, severe nausea/vomiting	If risk for aspiration or difficulty swallowing, Speech Language Pathologist to see.
Follow up in fracture clinic in 2 weeks	Patients going home.		
Transfer to Rehab	Patients requiring transfer to rehab		
Doppler ultrasound – arterial and/or venous	Suspected deep vein thrombosis; evaluation of suspected peripheral vascular disease		Doppler results indicative of deep vein thrombosis require physician notification
Electrocardiogram (ECG) Notify MRP immediately	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acute non-traumatic chest pain, heaviness, squeezing sensation • Unstable angina or suspected MI. • Palpitations • Cardiac shortness of breath • Acute upper quadrant abdominal pain 		



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Order	Indications	Contraindications	Notes (optional)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active GI bleeding • Major and/or multiple trauma • Overdose of medications • Syncope in any age; and/or • Weakness, dizziness, or new onset confusion, in the elderly • Abnormal vital signs 		
<p>Insertion of saline lock or discontinuation of saline lock</p> <p>MRP must be notified immediately unless for medication administration only</p>	<p>Saline lock insertion:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IV access required for administration of medications. • Acute chest pain • Shortness of breath • Abdominal/flank pain • Active GI bleeding <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Melena ○ Hematochezia • Altered level of consciousness • Hemodynamically unstable. HR greater than 100bpm. SBP less than 80 mmHg. <p>Saline lock discontinue:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adequate hydration • Hemodynamically stable. 		
<p>Urinary Catheter protocol</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The treatment of urinary retention. • Bladder incontinence • Collect clean urine sample 		



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Order	Indications	Contraindications	Notes (optional)
Oxygen therapy as required (initiate, titrate, or discontinue) to maintain SpO ₂ greater than 92% or 88-92% in patients with COPD	For O2 saturation less than or greater than indicated		
Urine routine and microscopic, culture and sensitivity, drug screen once	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acute non-traumatic abdominal/flank pain • Trauma • Weakness and/or new onset confusion in the elderly • Fever • History or incident of seizure • History or incident of stroke • Signs and symptoms of urinary tract infections (e.g., burning micturition, urinary hesitancy or urgency, hematuria, odour) • Post op delirium 		
Suture/staple removal from incision 14 days post operatively	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staples removed from incision 14 days post-op 	If concern for delayed closure (ie. immunocompromised)	If wound infection or dehiscence, notify MRP. This may require opening of wound, debridement and packing.
Chest X-ray 1 view as a portable or 2 views in the radiology department.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Short of breath, chest pain, query pneumonia or aspiration 	Pregnancy	
Abdomen/Pelvis (KUB) X-ray 1 view or 2 views to include upright/decubitus view.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Query ileus or gastrointestinal obstruction 	Pregnancy	
X-ray:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trauma/Fall 	Pregnancy	



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Order	Indications	Contraindications	Notes (optional)
Hand, wrist, finger, forearm, elbow, humerus, shoulder, toe, foot, ankle, tibia/fibula, knee, femur, hip, c-spine, t-spine, l-spine, pelvis, sacrum, or coccyx 2-3 views, 90 degrees from each other.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Query fracture of extremity		
Assess anal tone	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Spinal injury		



Table 3: Consultations

Consultation order	Indications	Special Considerations
Community Care Access (CCAC)	Discharge planning. (i.e. wound care, drain care, medication administration), personal support worker, palliative care	
Medical Consults	Pre and Post-operative indications. Changes in health status. Medication adjustments	
Anesthesiologist	Pre and post-operative assessment. Pain control	
Acute Pain Service	Post-operative pain control	
Physical Therapist, Occupational Therapist, Social Worker	Mobility, home safety, family planning and goals of care	